## WAC 296-52-67080 Drilling. (1) Unexploded charges.

- (a) Drilling cannot begin:
- (i) When there is danger of drilling into a charged or misfired hole.
- (ii) Until all remaining butts of old holes are examined for unexploded charges.
  - (b) Unexploded charges must be refired before work proceeds.
- (2) **Distance limits during drilling.** Blasters cannot load or use explosives closer than:
  - (a) The length of the steel being used for drilling; or
- (b) Within fifty feet of drilling operations, whichever is greater.
  - (3) Prior to loading drill holes.
- (a) Holes must be checked prior to loading to determine depth and conditions.
- (b) Drill holes that have contained explosives or blasting agents cannot be deepened.
- (c) Drill holes must be large enough to allow unobstructed or free insertion of explosive cartridges.
  - (4) Enlarging or springing a drill hole.
  - (a) A drill hole cannot be sprung when it is near a loaded hole.
- (b) A minimum of two hours must pass after a charge has exploded in a drill hole that was enlarged or "sprung," before loading another charge of explosives into the hole.

Note: You do not have to wait two hours if the sprung hole is thoroughly wet down with water before it is loaded.

(c) Flashlight batteries cannot be used as a power source for springing holes.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.010, 49.17.040, 49.17.050, and 49.17.060. WSR 17-16-132, § 296-52-67080, filed 8/1/17, effective 9/1/17; WSR 05-08-110, § 296-52-67080, filed 4/5/05, effective 6/1/05. Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.010, [49.17].040, and [49.17].050. WSR 02-03-125, § 296-52-67080, filed 1/23/02, effective 3/1/02.]